

Unlock the Secrets to Effective Lesson Planning



Rob Jenkins | Santa Ana College Lima, Peru 2015

Lesson Planning

"Good lesson planning is an often invisible but absolutely essential part of all good teaching - especially effective language teaching."

(Hendrichsen)



Why Plan?

Importance for Teacher

- To focus activities toward an objective
- To have seamless progression from one activity to the next
- To evaluate student performance
- To connect with preceding or subsequent lessons



Why Plan?

Importance for Student

To gain confidence that activities have a purpose

- To evaluate their own learning
- To apply what they've learned



MISSION STATEMENT

Give students

challenging opportunities

to be

successful

in their language-learning experience so they develop confidence and become independent, lifelong learners.



Challenging Opportunities

Teach students to:

- think critically
- work cooperatively
- transfer language and thinking skills to any task



Steps to a Successful Lesson Plan

Put the following steps in the correct order.

Application

Introduction

Warm-up / Review

Practice

Presentation

Evaluation



Effective Lesson Sequence

Put the following steps in the correct order.

Warm-up / Review

Introduction

Practice

Presentation

Evaluation

Application



Ensure Success

Establish a context and purpose

⇒ Warm-up, Introduction

Provide students with the building blocks and skills they need

⇒ Presentation

Provide meaningful tasks

⇒ Practice

Ensure that students are successful

⇒ Evaluation

Allow students to use the language in a new real-life situation

⇒ Application



never	sometimes	often	always
Vord order			
Subject	Adverb of frequency	Verb	
Ne	always	give	presents at Christmas.
Ne	never	dance	in the streets at Christmas.
Christmas	is	always	in December.
Carnival	is	usually	in February or March.





Talk with a partner about your favorite celebration or festival.



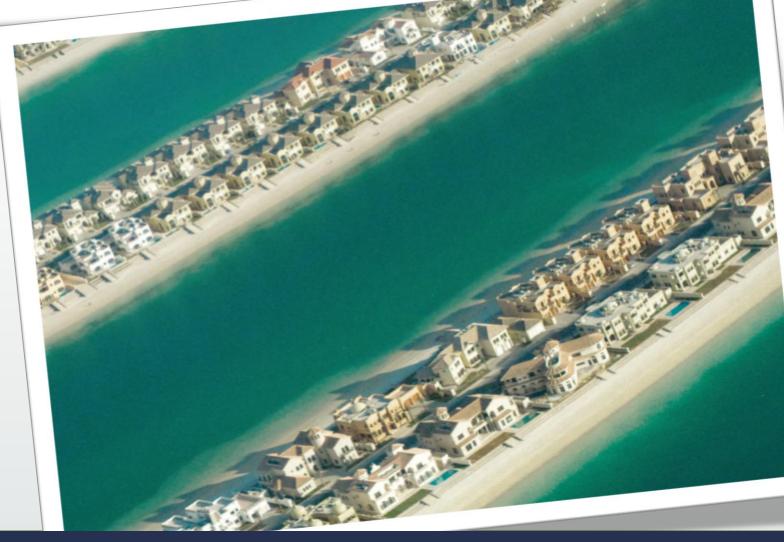
What does it look like?



Introduction

Establish the Context

State the Objective (by the end of class, students will be able to...)



By the end of class, students will be able to:

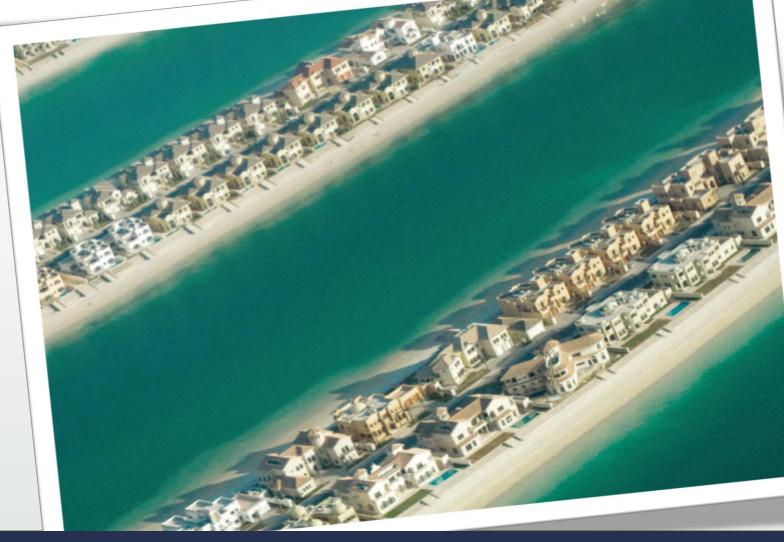
- Identify places in a home Identify household objects
- Describe their house Compare houses



Introduction

Establish the Context

State the Objective (by the end of class, students will be able to...)



By the end of class, students will be able to:

- Identify places in a home Identify household objects
- Describe their house Compare houses



Presentation

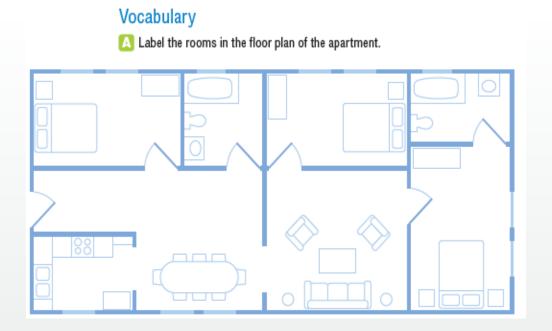
Identify what students already know by asking questions, stories...

Present new information through visuals, stories....

Prepare for practice



Teaching TIP: *Elicit information from students*



Complete the sentences about the house in the picture.
Use the words in the box.

garage downstairs swimming pool bedroom

1. The kitchen is ______.

2. The ______ is in the backyard.

3. The ______ is upstairs.

4. The car is in the ______.

Objective: *Identify places in a home*

Presentation

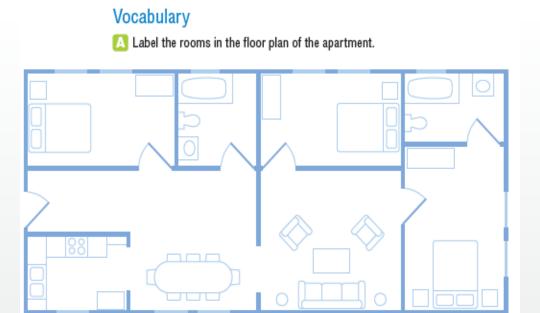
Identify what students already know by asking questions, stories...

Present new information through visuals, stories....

Prepare for practice



Teaching TIP: *Elicit information from students*



Grammar: There is/There are

Statement	Questions	Answers
There is a garage.	Is there a closet?	Yes, there is. No, there isn't.
There are three bedrooms upstairs.	Are there two bathrooms?	Yes, there are. No, there aren't.
*The contraction of there	is = there's.	

Singular nouns	Plural nouns
1 house 1 bedroom	2 houses 2 bedrooms
*Add an -s at the end of the word to make it plural.	

Objective: *Identify places in a home*

Practice / Evaluation

Help students be successful

Evaluate progress

Confirm they are ready for the application

mechanical

	a big kitchen.
2.	three bathrooms.
3.	a yard?
4.	Are there stairs? Yes,
5.	Is there a garage? No,
e o mary	a is big There garage.
	a is bly filete garage.
2.	isn't There closet. a a swimming Is there pool?
2. 3.	isn't There closet. a

- 1. bathroom/upstairs
 Is there a bathroom upstairs?
- 2. swimming pool/backyard
- 3. stairs/your house

meaningful

D 3 Ask your partner the questions in exercise C. Switch roles.

5. three bedrooms/your house

4. garden/front yard

Conversation

(A)) 16 Listen to the conversation. Is there a garage?

Realtor: What about this <u>apartment?</u> Realtor: There is just one bathroom.

Client: Is it a big apartment? Client: Is there a garden?

Realtor: Yes. There are three bedrooms. Realtor: No, there isn't. But there's a garage.

Client: And bathrooms?

- Practice the conversation with a partner. Switch roles and practice it again.
- Change the underlined words and make a new conversation.

Real Language

What about can be used as a

Teaching TIP:

Scaffold from simple to complex and from mechanical to meaningful

Objective: *Identify places in a home*



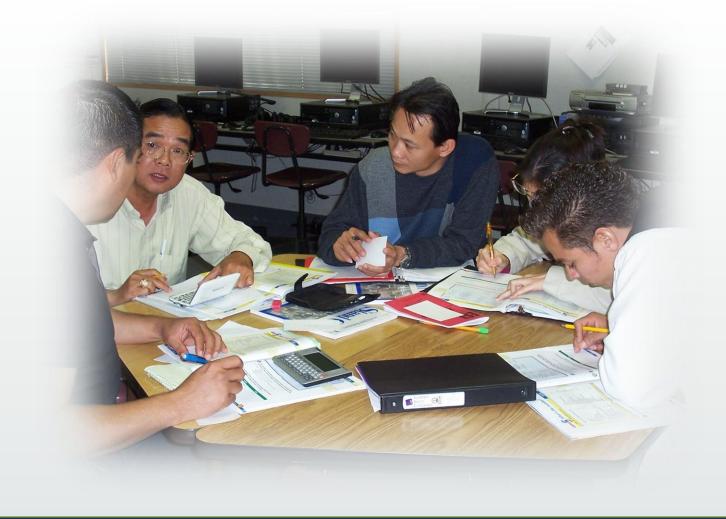


Application

Allow students to be creative

Provide opportunities to communicate

Make it *real*



Teaching TIP:

Based on the evaluation, if students are not ready for application, do more practice.



Work with a partner. Draw a floor plan of your own home. Tell your partner about your home.



Write your own

Warm-up / Review

Introduction

Practice

Presentation

Evaluation

Application





THANKYOU!

Rob Jenkins Jenkins _rob@sac.edu http://esl-teacher.net

